

Following the tracks of history

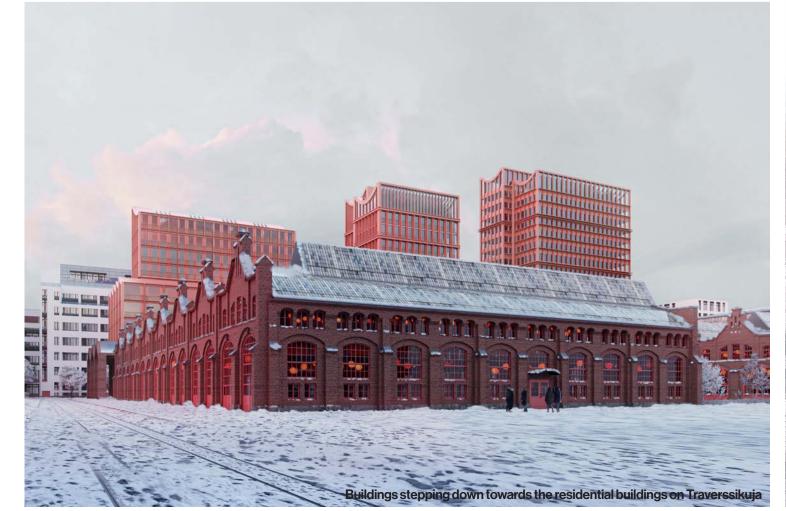
in but at the same time standing out as a destination for culture, in the northern part of Helsinki's city centre. experiences, and work. Konepaja train factory builds on what is already there, the qualities and functions of the historic Pasila The diversity in functions offers an inviting destination for tourists and Machine Shop area. Konepaja's history where the train factory desirable workplaces where there is always something attractive was more than just a business is a value emphasized throughout going on. Spatially this is achieved by breaking down the scale of the the project. The train factory, a city within the city, a community buildings by using the proportions and character of the existing train accessible ground floors and roof tops.

Dallapénpuisto flea markets and Teurastamos with urban culture, neighbourhood block and the towers. restaurants, and events. Teollisuuskatu is transformed from intense traffic to human scale experiences with attractive edge

zones. The qualities of Konepajas backyard along the

Konepaja train factory introduces a clear vision and flexible Konepajanraittiare brought out towards Teollisuuskatu with flourishing architecture that attracts a diverse audience with high demands street life. Konepaja train factory becomes an inviting working- and in their work- and everyday environment. An environment fitting meeting place for businesses, bottom-up culture, and experiences

where everyday life flourish and the historic workshop spirit factory halls to enhance coherency as well as diversity. The buildings are infused into after-work socializing and lifelong friendships. are organized in three main layers, the halls and arcades in the podium, The values are underlined in this modern business and culture the neighbourhood blocks and the towers defining the city scale. environment giving back to the city with generous, inviting, and The historic industrial architecture is reinterpreted and echoed in the different layers of the buildings. Public life in street level floats in from Teollisuuskatu via two gates, one interior through the Assembly Hall The two centres of gravity on Teollisuuskatu; Pasila and and one exterior, the Konepajanpasaasi. The podium layer relates in Kalasatama are characterized by their density and their transport scale and appearance to the train factory halls and the surrounding links. Konepaja train factory offers something different, a melting neighbourhood structures. The towers are subdivided and diversified pot of culture, business, recreation, events, and tourism. in expression to scale down the project. Bruno Granholm's original Typical of the axis between Pasila and Kalasatama is the vision that the area should be held together in character, scale, and presence of several urban pockets, of which the Pasila Konepaja material is emphasized in all three layers. This red, significant tone train factory is the most significant one. Some examples are of the brick is interpreted in the three different layers of the podium,



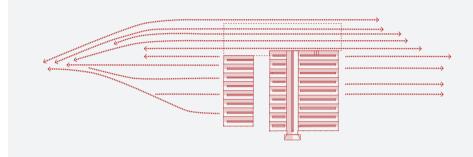




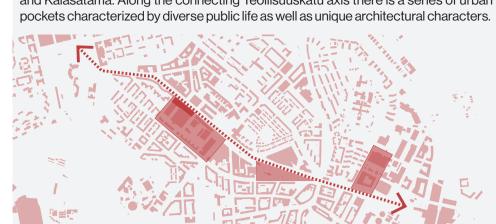
Openness and permeability: The long site is opened up by creating passages across. This allows people from Teollisuuskatu to access the heart of the area, but also to let the urban life from the area spill out to add urban quality to the streets edge zone.



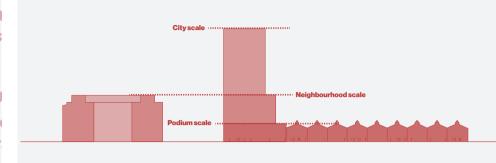
Traces from the past and present: Both the former train tracks on the site and the existing halls have a very clear direction. Therefore, the project tags on to this direction in its disposition of volumes, roof profiles and architectural language.



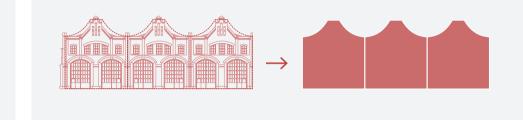
A string of industrial pockets: The train factory is located between the two areas Pasila and Kalasatama. Along the connecting Teollisuuskatu axis there is a series of urban



Fitting in: The site has several scales represented and the project should relate to these scales. Therefore, the project is divided into 3 distinct layers: podium scale being the continuing of the existing halls, neighborhood scale which is the general scale of the immediate area and the city scale that introduces a dialogue with the wider city of Helsinki.



Architectural uniqueness and industrial repetition: The existing buildings in the area offer several specific architectural motifs and repetitive rhythms. The project interprets this and creates a strong relation to the existing, both in its expression and its flexible use.





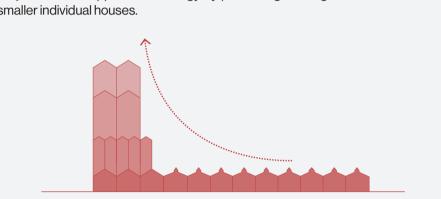
on the sides to make the volume seem smaller from eyelevel. Furthermore, the overall

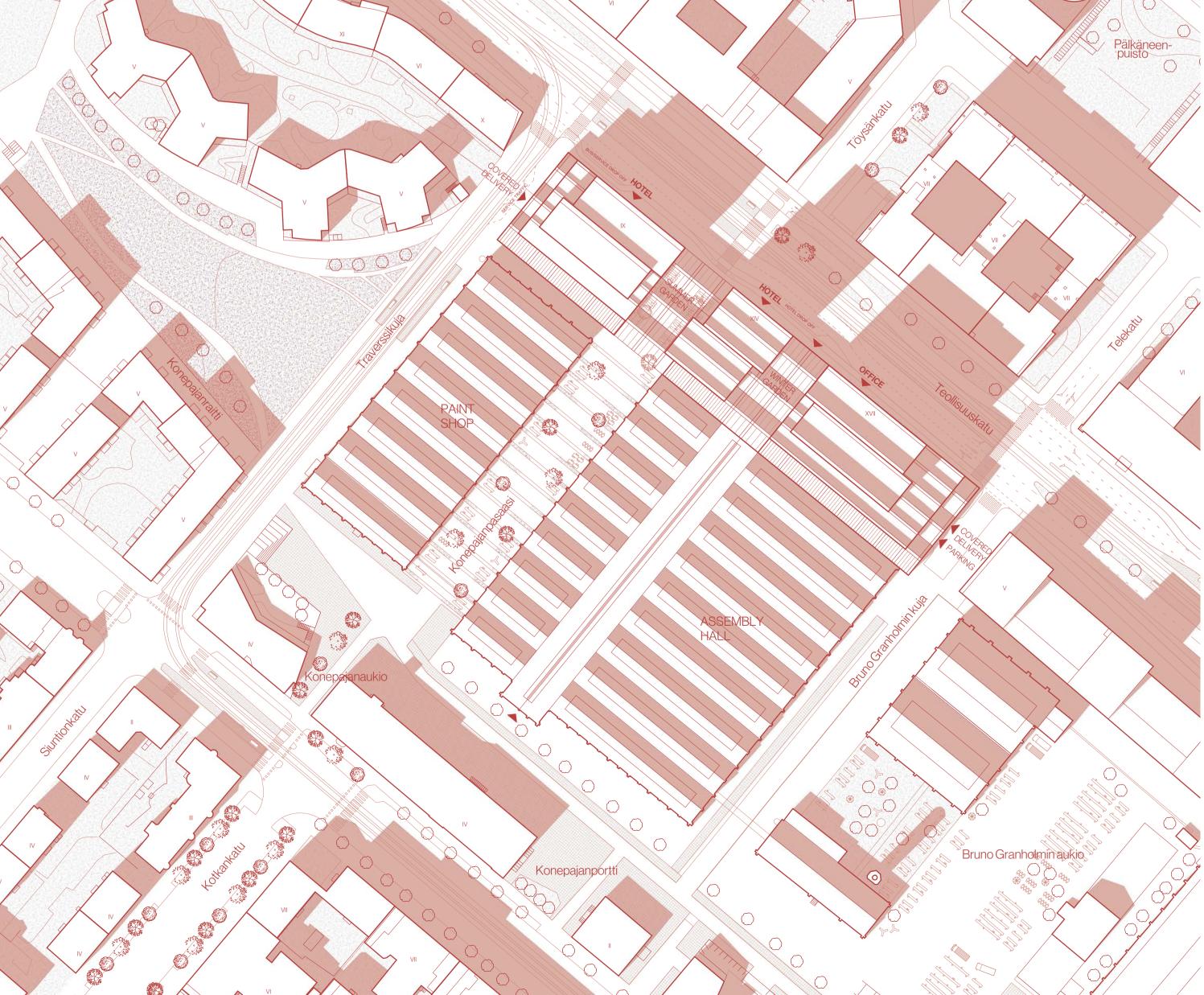
composition of the highest buildings is placed to have the least impact on the neighbors.

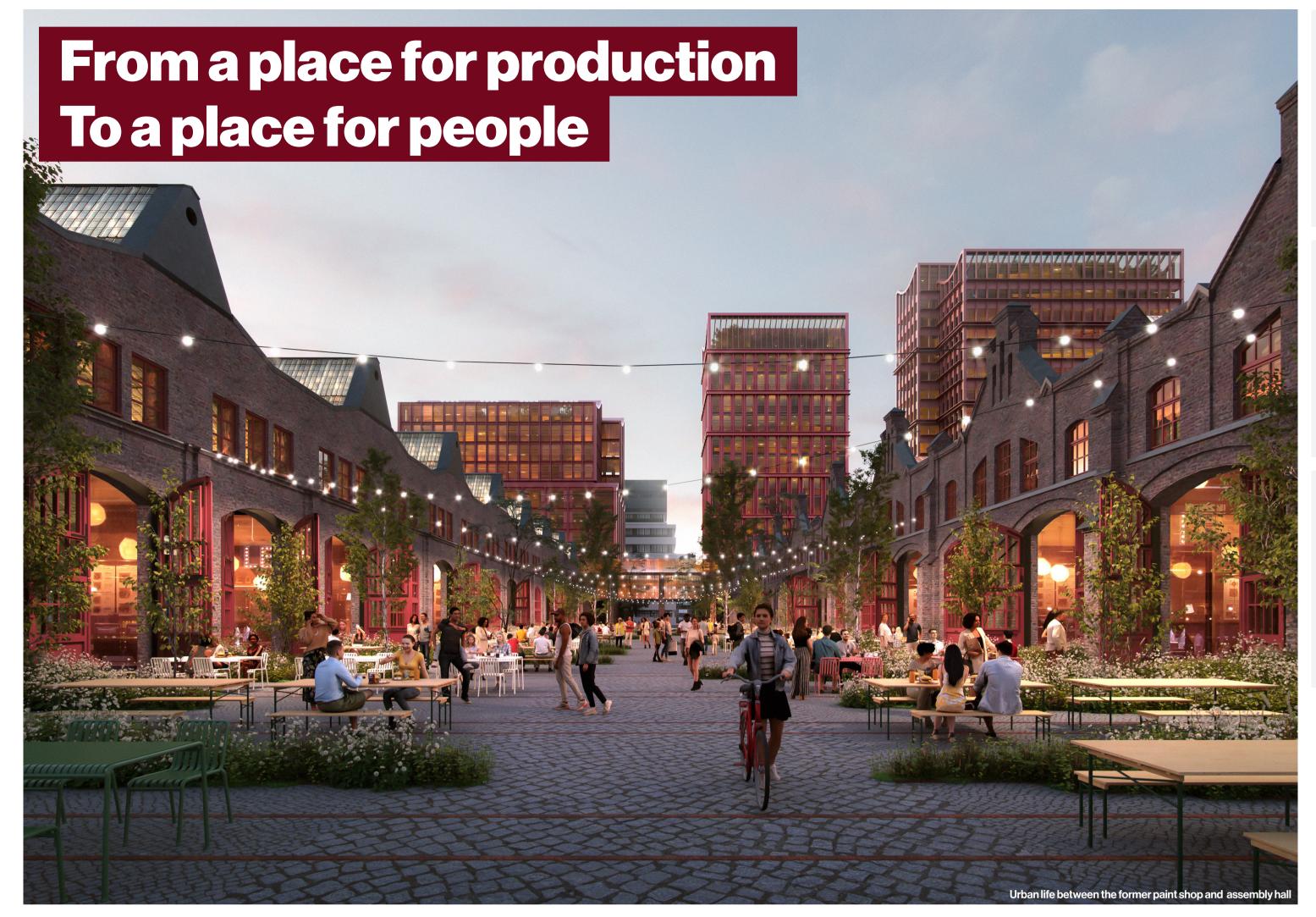
Finishing the urban block: The site is the last brick in the development of the immediate

area and finalizes Bruno Granholm's original vision of material and architectural coherency.



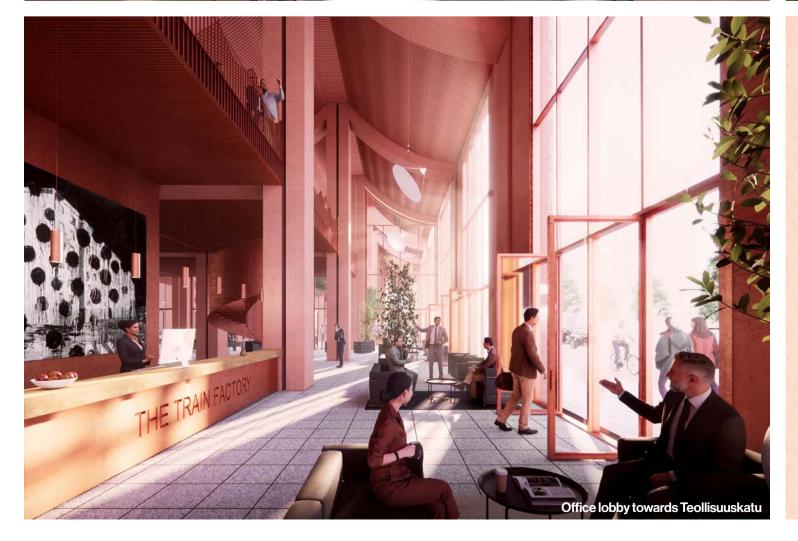






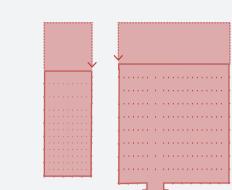




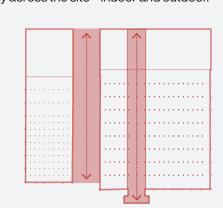




Continuation of the existing hall: The typology of the existing halls has proven to be highly flexible and contains versatile spaces that can be used for many different purposes. The podium level refers both in function, scale and typology to the existing halls.

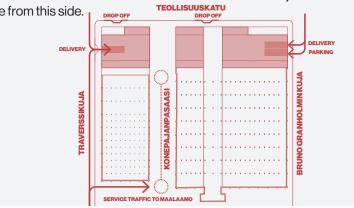


Connections to the city: Besides the green passage the existing paint shop already has an indoor and outdoor passage, which is continued in the new podium. This allows for good connectivity across the site – indoor and outdoor.

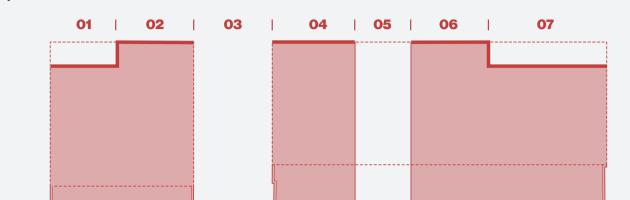


Logistics: Two drop-off areas for taxies and other services is placed on Teollisuuskaturight in front of the hotel and office lobbies, the service to the hotel will be from Traverssikuja while service to the office will be from Bruno Granholminkuja. Access to the parking will also be from this side.

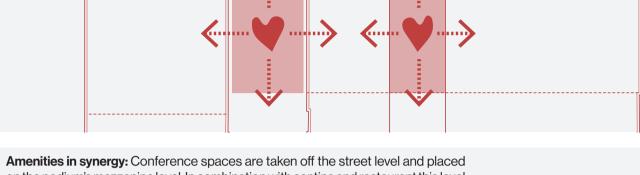
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A façade for pedestrians: The almost 180m long façade along Teollisuuskatu is scaled down to smaller segments by introducing indoor and outdoor colonnades, which also create an extended and covered edge zone making the street more diverse & pedestrian friendly.

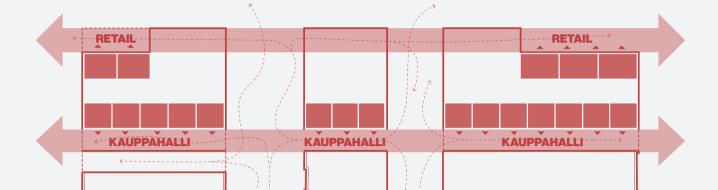


Wintergarden and Summergarden: Two urban spaces are marking the entrances to the area. One as an indoor wintergarden and one as a covered outdoor space followed by the Konepajanpasaasi. Wedged in between different functions the gardens connect lobbies

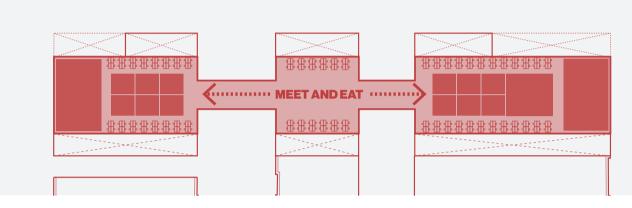


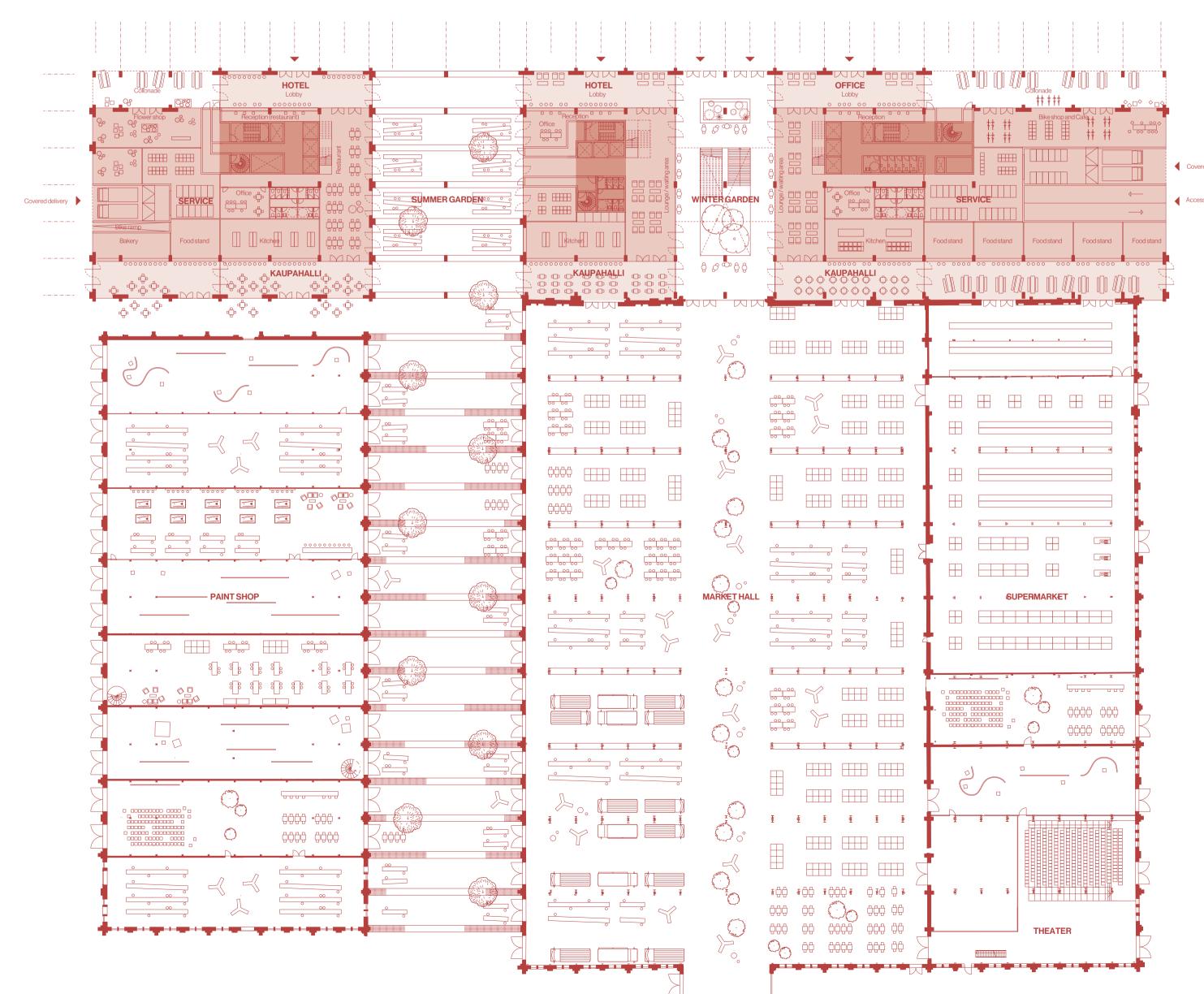
of both the hotel and office while also giving access to the existing halls, the basement below and the conference above.

Extension of the market hall: In the meeting between old and new, the character of the market hall spaces continue as open and fluid public spaces. Serviced by small food stalls or shops the retail could have the character of a market hall.



Amenities in synergy: Conference spaces are taken off the street level and placed on the podium's mezzanine level. In combination with cantina and restaurant this level could be a highly flexible "meet and eat" floor, possibly shared by hotel and office.



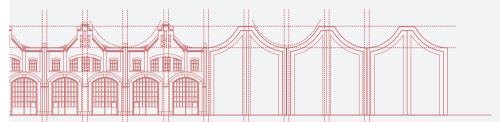


City scale, example of office, facade studies, 1:50

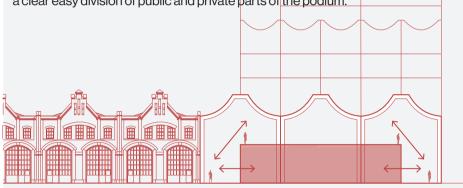


Building the future with respect for the past: The starting point and main inspiration for the new architecture is found in what is already there in the rational and robust industrial architecture.

Drawn by the context: Rhythm, hierarchy, and proportions of the existing architecture on the site are carefully analyzed and set clear guidelines for the composition of the new architecture introduced on site.



A house in a house: The generous space in the podium has a ceiling height large enough to fit in several levels, which offers interesting and unexpected spatial experiences and a clear easy division of public and private parts of the podium.



+ 90.00 🗸

+ 62.20 🗢

+ 26.40 🗢

+ 22.00 \tag

+ 12.20 🗸

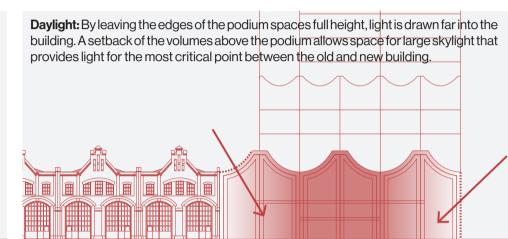
Hotel

Hotel

Hotel

Hotel

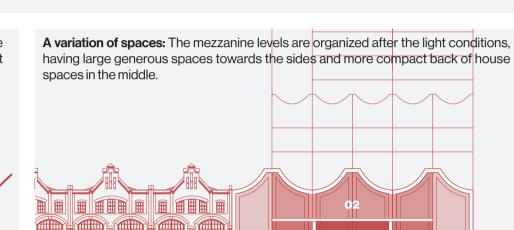
in various ways and scales. The roof profiles of the high points on the buildings becomes landmarks for the train factory's architecture. A modern interpretation to both fit in but at the same time stand out as something significant.



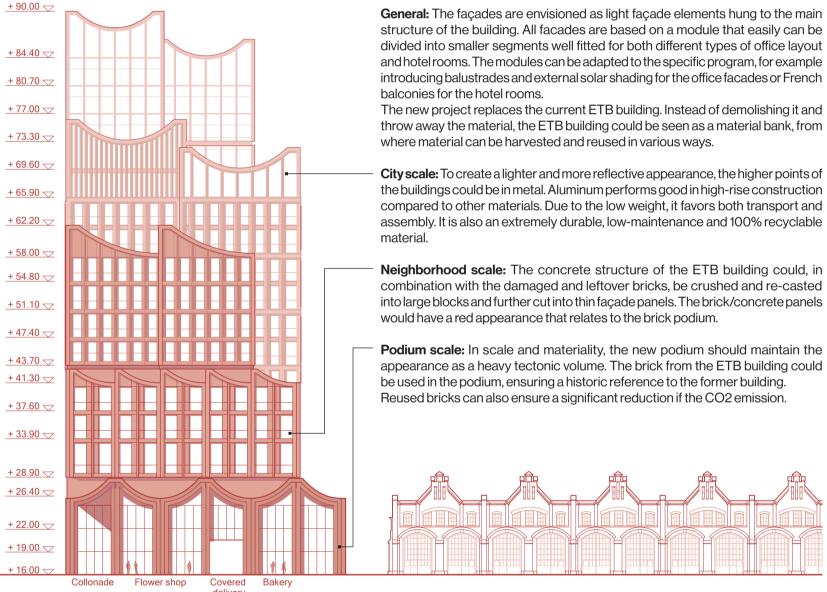
A family of architectural motifs: The architecture of the train factory offers great amount of

different classic architectural motifs from the time it was build. To bind it all together and create

synergy between old and new, these motifs create the basis for the overall expression, used



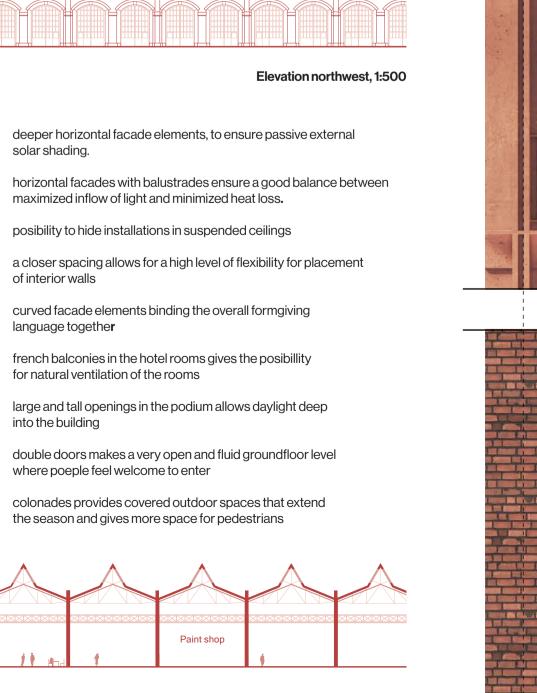




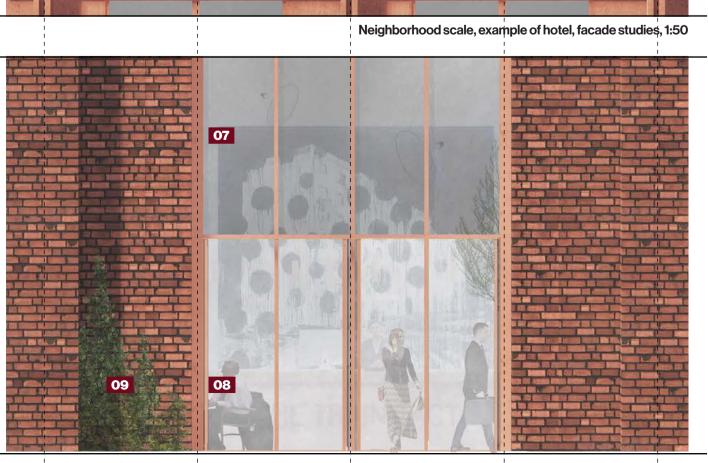
solar shading.

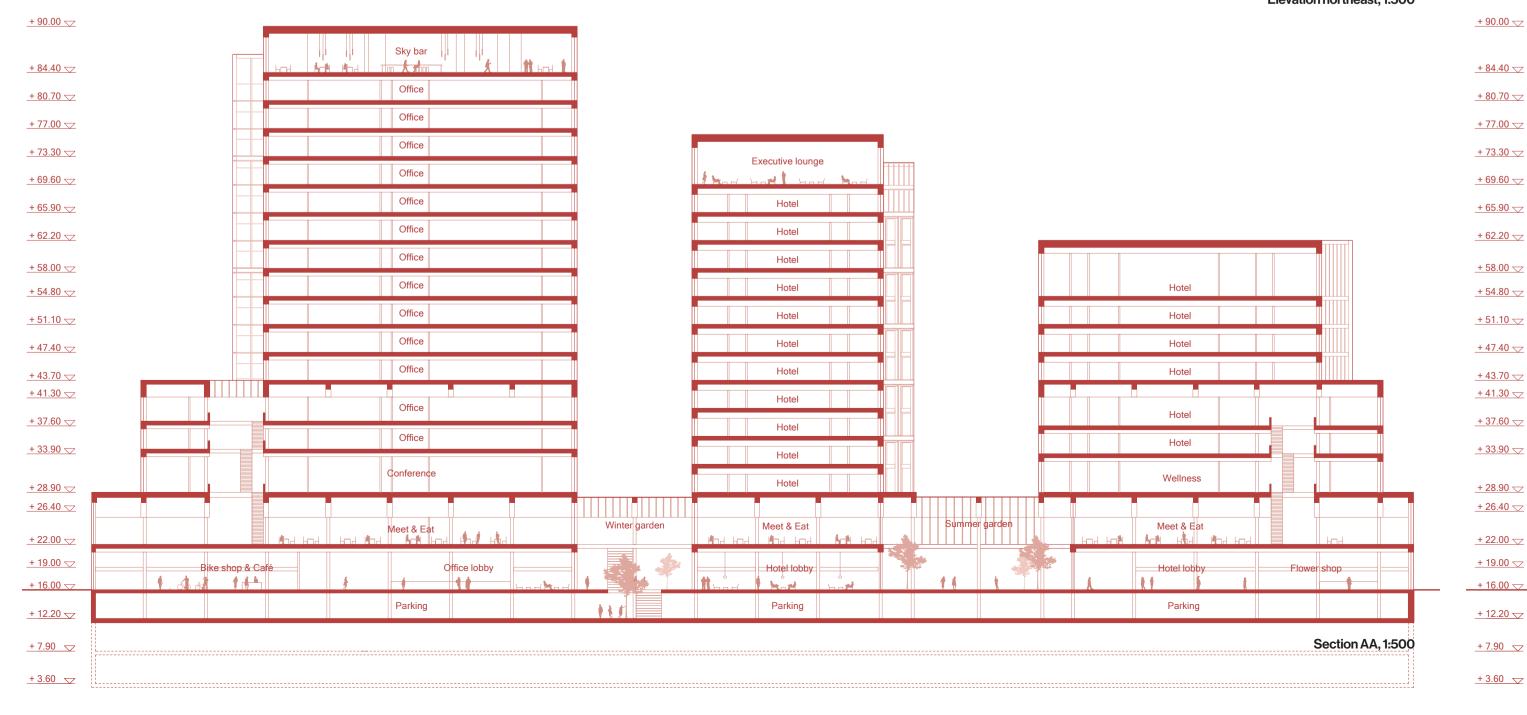
of interior walls

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large and tall openings in the podium allows daylight deep into the building double doors makes a very open and fluid groundfloor level where poeple feel welcome to enter colonades provides covered outdoor spaces that extend the season and gives more space for pedestrians Paint shop Section BB, 1:500

maximized inflow of light and minimized heat loss.

posibility to hide installations in suspended ceilings

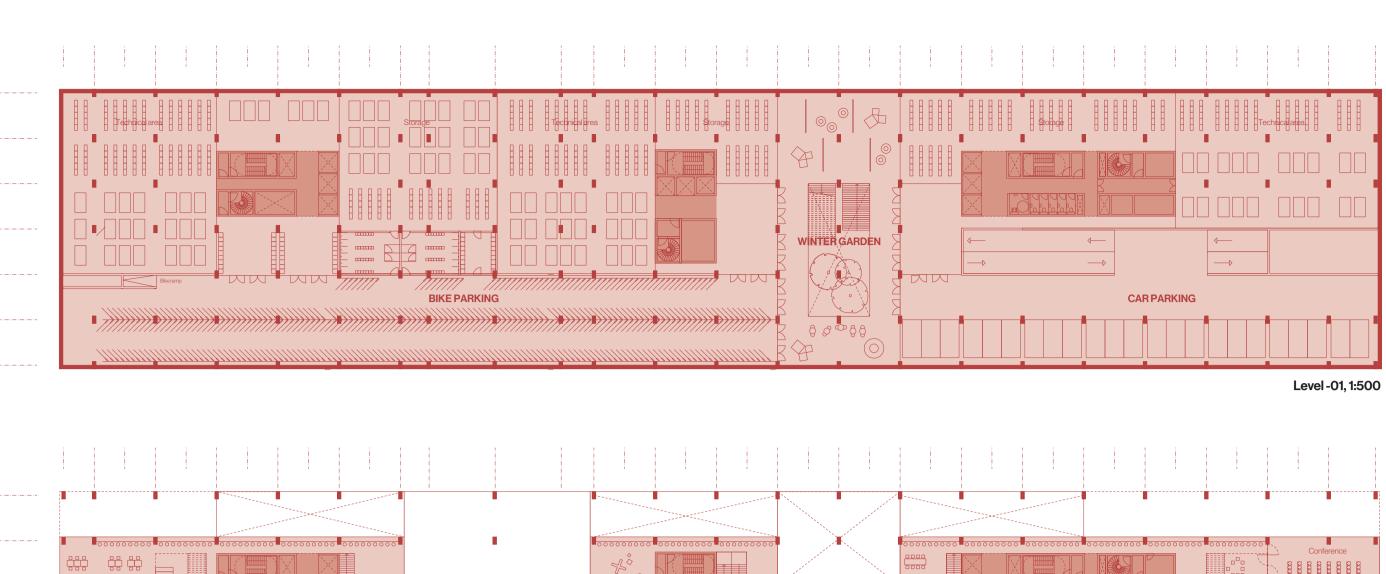
curved facade elements binding the overall formgiving

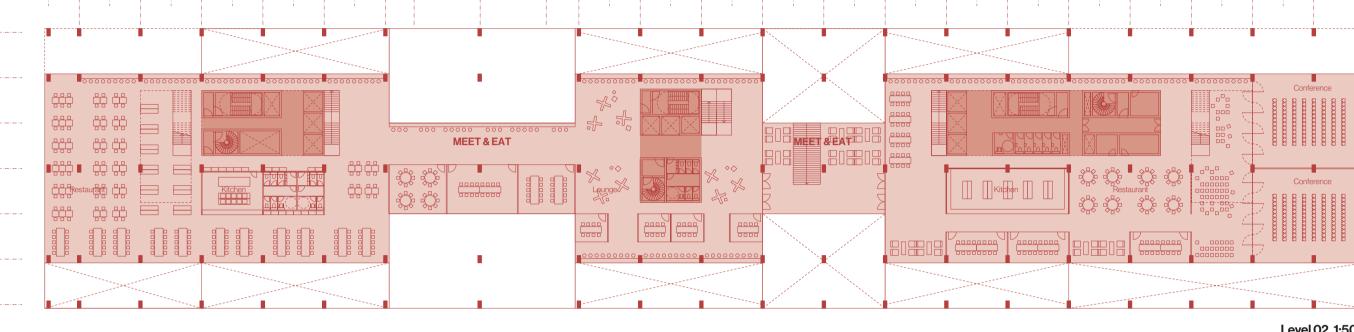
french balconies in the hotel rooms gives the posibillity

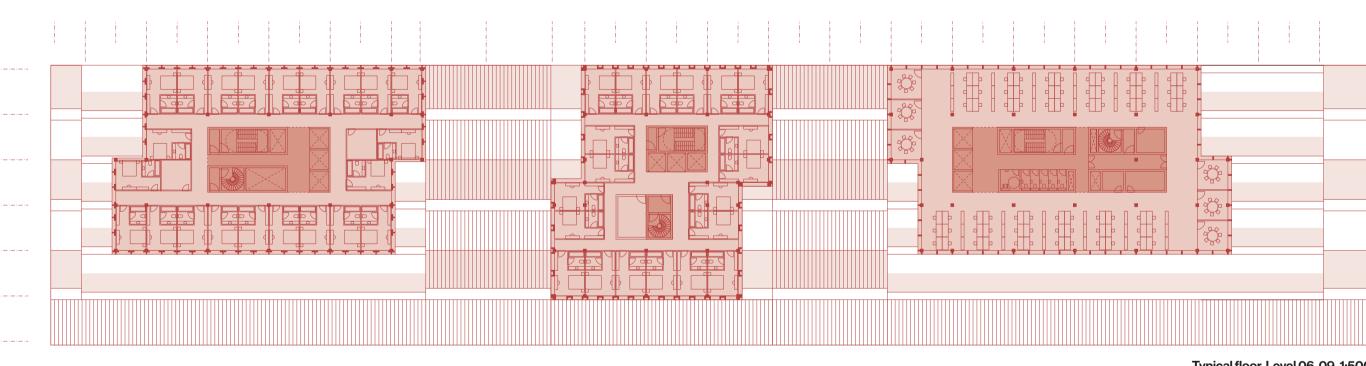
for natural ventilation of the rooms

Podium scale, example of retail, facade studies, 1:50









Typical floor, Level 06-09, 1:500

Typical floor, Level 03-05, 1:500

Area calculation

FLOOR	GROSS AREA	HOTEL	OFFICE	NET AREA	HOTEL	OFFICE	HOTEL ROOMS
F-03	6475	-	-				C
F-02	6475	-	-				C
F-01	6475	-	-				C
F01	5202	2778	2424	4001	2071	1930	0
F01 mez	2241	1229	1012	2855	1575	1280	0
F02	3833	2151	1682	3369	1814	1555	C
F03	3815	2119	1696	3064	1520	1544	20
F04	3815	2119	1696	3064	1520	1544	50
F05	3815	2119	1696	3064	1520	1544	50
F06	2761	1723	1038	2090	1187	903	42
F07	2761	1723	1038	2090	1187	903	42
F08	2761	1723	1038	2090	1187	903	42
F19	2761	1723	1038	2090	1187	903	42
F10	1822	784	1038	1460	557	903	20
F11	1822	784	1038	1460	557	903	20
F12	1822	784	1038	1460	557	903	20
F13	1822	784	1038	1460	557	903	20
F14	1430	392	1038	1258	355	903	0
F15	1038	0	1038	903	0	903	
F16	1038	0	1038	903	0	903	
F17	519	0	519	397	0	397	
TOTAL:	45078	22935	22143	37078	17351	19727	368

