

SuRaKu • Accessibility Criteria

Specifications for planning, construction and maintenance of accessible public areas in streets, parks, gardens and courtyards

30 June 2022

item / construction: Ramps

item / construction:	Kallips				- C
Accessibility requirements	Measurements	Items requiring special planning attention See also other Suraku tables and sources	Planning instructions	Colours and lighting	Maintenance requirements
1 special level of accessibility Pedestrian street environments City centre areas with public facilities and services Environments for facilities for the elderly, disabled, social and health services Areas with a lot of housing for the elderly and disabled Public transport terminals and areas surrounding public bus stops Exercise and playgrounds that cater to all users Accessible routes, e.g. in recreational areas	Ramp with a max. 5% longitudinal inclination Recommended inclination ≤ 5% (≤ 1:20, c. 3°). Side inclination ≤ 2% Without intermediate landings, inclination max. 5% Outdoors, the inclination of the ramp must not exceed 5% except if it can be kept in a condition comparable to indoors (the ramp is heated and covered) However, if the height difference is 1,000 mm or less, the maximum inclination of the ramp may be up to 8%. In this case, the height difference of a continuous ramp must not exceed 500 mm, after which there must be a level landing at least 2,000 mm long. Ramp <8% on intermediate landings Ramp <8% on intermediate landings Vidth of ramp maintained by machine ≥ 2,300 mm Width ≥ 900 mm, recommended ≥ 1,200 mm, ≥ 1,800 mm if there is no line of sight at one end of the ramp The edge of the ramp must have a protective edge ≥ 50 mm (or safety railing) if the ramp is not bounded by a fixed structure	Staircases Guidance paving flags Warning areas Handrails Walking surfaces Safety railing Sources: Accessible building and environment 2018 SFS-EN 12464-2, Outdoor lighting Government Decree on the accessibility of buildings 241/2017	In addition to the ramp, passable staircases are always needed, even for low elevation differences, as the ramp is not suitable for everyone. The ramp must never start right next to the door. Warning area at top and bottom of ramp Uninterrupted handrails at two heights always on both sides at full length of the ramp and intermediate landings Ice and snow melting system recommended Rough surface material, non-slippery in all weather conditions Deviations in surface evenness ≤ 5 mm Protective edge (min. 50 mm) in the absence of a wall or other solid barrier at edge of ramp At the turning point, the landing must be at least 1,500 mm x1,500 mm if the width of the ramp is less than 1,200 mm	In warning areas, distinct visual contrast requirement: difference between medium grey and black/white). Good lighting; glare-free, even. Recommended lighting intensity ≥ 50 lux Guidance lighting where necessary for persons who are partially sighted	Non-slip treatment Ensuring the recognisability of the texture and visual contrast of the warning area Piling of snow under handrail prohibited Vegetation to be kept from the ramp. Vegetation must not hamper use of handrail.
2 basic level of accessibility	INSTRUCTIONS AS ABOVE	Staircases Warning areas Handrails Walking surfaces	Ramp <u>and</u> staircase needed Handrail always on both sides along the full length of the ramp and intermediate landings. Rough surface material, non-slippery in all weather conditions Protective edge (min. height 50 mm) in the absence of	Minimum lighting category K2 (min. 10 lux) Good lighting: glare-free, even	Non-slip treatment Piling of snow under handrail prohibited. Vegetation to be kept from the ramp. Vegetation must not
			a wall or other solid barrier at edge of ramp		hamper use of handrail.